

## First Exam Review Sheet

1. What is the definition of *political ideology* according to your book?
2. Which political ideology places particular importance on stability, tradition, and loyalty to God and country?
3. Which political ideology adheres to the belief that the role of government should be limited?
4. Which political ideology supports the welfare state?
5. What are the characteristic of the scientific method?
6. What is a *hypothesis*?
7. What are the characteristics of the Great Depression cohort and the Vietnam cohort?
8. Which country had the most desirable Civic Culture according to Almond and Verba?
9. What are the criticisms of Political Science as a Science?
10. What is an *empirical political theory*?
11. What does the *Gini Coefficient Index* measure?
12. What is a *normative political theory*?
13. What type of research is Samuel Huntington's "the Clash of Civilization," an example of?
14. According to the socialist perspective, what primarily determines an individual's attitudes and behaviors?
15. According to your book, what is the most comprehensive recent comparative survey of political culture?
16. According to your book, how does *Islamism* differ from *Islamic fundamentalism*?
17. What is the first step in applying the scientific method?
18. Does the scientific method allow us to prove causation or correlation?
19. How did we define *democracy* in the classroom?
20. Which political ideology advocates individual freedom, limited government, and laissez-faire economics?
21. According to the lecture, what are the *three main aspects* of the human conditions?
22. What type of political culture did the Former Soviet Union have?
23. What type of political culture does Russia have?
24. What are the criticisms of political science as a science?
25. What is the most systematic method for establishing the nature of a political culture?
26. What type of political culture dominates a democratic society?

27. What are “affective” orientations?
28. How do conservatives and classical liberals view inequality?
29. In a Less Developed Country which type of political culture pre-dominates?
30. What was Philip Converse’s contribution to the study of political culture?
31. What are the definitions of politics offered in the classroom?
32. Which of the three main ideologies is especially suspicious of reason?
33. Which of the three main ideologies particularly emphasizes that humans can be substantially altered by their environment?
34. What is the definition of political culture?
35. What agent of socialization do revolutionary political systems use to socialize the young?
36. What are reliability, validity, and comparability according to the lecture?
37. Do schools try and create a benevolent image of the political system?
38. Which agent of socialization did Mao Zedong use to change China?
39. How do the Phi and Cramer’s V work in statistical analysis?
40. Which political ideologies promote a strong state?
41. How did Mao Zedong impact the status of women in China?
42. Which countries were included in the Civic Culture study?
43. According to your book where does the United States score on self-expression/secular-rational values.
44. Which political ideologies believe in slow change?
45. Do adults in the US frequently change their party identification?
46. What do religious revivalist movements seek in politics?
47. What process teaches political culture?
48. What does the term “liberal” refer to in the United States?
49. Why is it important for social scientists to define their concepts?
50. What are the major subfields of political science?
51. What is political analysis?
52. What are the components of science?
53. What are examples of a boundary-spanning hybrid subfield?
54. What are the 6 generalizations of the belief systems of most people?

55. Which country scores the highest on Self-Expression and Secular-Rational values in the World Values Survey (WVS) study?
56. As a group where do Islamic countries score on Self-Expression and Secular-Rational values in the WVS study?
57. According to Mao Zedong, did the family promote or hinder equality?
58. According to your book, does the media (TV) *change* or *reinforce* political attitudes?
59. What is *agenda setting* when it comes to the media?
60. What is the classic liberal attitude towards private property?
61. Why do classical liberals and conservatives support the free market?
62. What do democratic socialists believe?
63. Which of the three main political ideologies is hostile to the military draft?
64. Which of the three main political ideologies opposes government regulation of drug use, abortion, and divorce?
65. Which of the three main political ideologies supports strong state symbols?
66. What is the role of the family in promoting/undermining political participation?
67. Which country spends the most on healthcare and gets poor results?
68. What is corporatism according to your book?
69. Is a Cramer V result of 0.50+ considered a strong relationship between variables?
70. What is the purpose of the welfare state according to democratic socialists?
71. According to your book, what are the authority based sources of knowledge?
72. According to your book, what are the important sources of information about politics?
73. What is the primary purpose of TV programming in the US?